# **DATA SHEET**



# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

NP48N055EHE, NP48N055KHE NP48N055CHE, NP48N055DHE, NP48N055MHE, NP48N055NHE

# **SWITCHING**

**N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET** 

### **DESCRIPTION**

These products are N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistors designed for high current switching applications.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION** <R>

| PART NUMBER                 | LEAD PLATING  | PACKING         | PACKAGE                           |                            |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| NP48N055EHE-E1-AY Note1, 2  |               |                 | TO-263 (MP-25ZJ) typ. 1.4 g       |                            |
| NP48N055EHE-E2-AY Note1, 2  | Dura Ca /Tia) | Tape 800 p/reel |                                   |                            |
| NP48N055KHE-E1-AY Note1     | Pure Sn (Tin) |                 | TO 000 (MD 057(0))                |                            |
| NP48N055KHE-E2-AY Note1     |               |                 | TO-263 (MP-25ZK) typ. 1.5 g       |                            |
| NP48N055CHE-S12-AZ Note1, 2 | Sn-Ag-Cu      |                 | TO-220 (MP-25) typ. 1.9 g         |                            |
| NP48N055DHE-S12-AY Note1, 2 |               | T by 50 /// by  | TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut) typ. 1.8 g |                            |
| NP48N055MHE-S18-AY Note1    | Pure Sn (Tin) | Tube 50 p/tube  |                                   | TO-220 (MP-25K) typ. 1.9 g |
| NP48N055NHE-S18-AY Note1    |               |                 | TO-262 (MP-25SK) typ. 1.8 g       |                            |

Notes 1. Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in the external electrode.)

2. Not for new design

### **FEATURES**

- Channel temperature 175 degree rated
- Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)}$  = 17 m $\Omega$  MAX. (VGS = 10 V, ID = 24 A)

• Low input capacitance

Ciss = 1600 pF TYP.

· Built-in gate protection diode

(TO-220)



(TO-262)



(TO-263)



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# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C)

| Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)             | VDSS               | 55          | V  |
|---|--------------------|-------------|----|
| Gate to Source Voltage (VDS = 0 V)              | Vgss               | ±20         | ٧  |
| Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)                  | I <sub>D(DC)</sub> | ±48         | Α  |
| Drain Current (pulse) Note1                     | D(pulse)           | ±140        | Α  |
| Total Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C) | Рт                 | 1.8         | W  |
| Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)             | Рт                 | 85          | W  |
| Channel Temperature                             | Tch                | 175         | °C |
| Storage Temperature                             | T <sub>stg</sub>   | -55 to +175 | °C |
| Single Avalanche Current Note2                  | las                | 48/28/10    | Α  |
| Single Avalanche Energy Note2                   | Eas                | 2.3/78/100  | mJ |

**Notes 1.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty cycle  $\leq$  1%

**2.** Starting T<sub>ch</sub> = 25°C, R<sub>G</sub> = 25  $\Omega$ , V<sub>GS</sub> = 20  $\rightarrow$  0 V (see **Figure 4.**)

# THERMAL RESISTANCE

| Channel to Case Thermal Resistance    | Rth(ch-C) | 1.76 | °C/W |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|
| Channel to Ambient Thermal Resistance | Rth(ch-A) | 83.3 | °C/W |

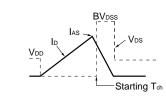


# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)**

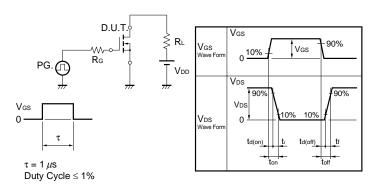
| CHARACTERISTICS                     | SYMBOL              | TEST CONDITIONS                                | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current     | IDSS                | V <sub>DS</sub> = 55 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V  |      |      | 10   | μΑ   |
| Gate Leakage Current                | Igss                | V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V |      |      | ±10  | μΑ   |
| Gate to Source Threshold Voltage    | V <sub>GS(th)</sub> | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$       | 2.0  | 3.0  | 4.0  | V    |
| Forward Transfer Admittance         | yfs                 | V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 24 A  | 7    | 17   |      | S    |
| Drain to Source On-state Resistance | R <sub>DS(on)</sub> | V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 24 A  |      | 14   | 17   | mΩ   |
| Input Capacitance                   | Ciss                | V <sub>DS</sub> = 25 V,                        |      | 1600 | 2400 | pF   |
| Output Capacitance                  | Coss                | $V_{GS} = 0 V$ ,                               |      | 250  | 380  | pF   |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance        | Crss                | f = 1 MHz                                      |      | 120  | 220  | pF   |
| Turn-on Delay Time                  | t <sub>d(on)</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 28 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 24 A, |      | 22   | 48   | ns   |
| Rise Time                           | tr                  | V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,                        |      | 16   | 40   | ns   |
| Turn-off Delay Time                 | t <sub>d(off)</sub> | $R_G = 1 \Omega$                               |      | 35   | 70   | ns   |
| Fall Time                           | t <sub>f</sub>      |  |      | 12   | 30   | ns   |
| Total Gate Charge                   | Q <sub>G</sub>      | V <sub>DD</sub> = 44 V,                        |      | 33   | 50   | nC   |
| Gate to Source Charge               | Qgs                 | V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,                        |      | 9    |      | nC   |
| Gate to Drain Charge                | Q <sub>GD</sub>     | I <sub>D</sub> = 48 A                          |      | 12   |      | nC   |
| Body Diode Forward Voltage          | VF(S-D)             | I <sub>F</sub> = 48 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V   |      | 1.0  |      | V    |
| Reverse Recovery Time               | trr                 | I <sub>F</sub> = 48 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,  |      | 40   |      | ns   |
| Reverse Recovery Charge             | Qrr                 | di/dt = 100 A/μs                               |      | 55   |      | nC   |

### **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**

# $V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \text{ V}$



### TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME

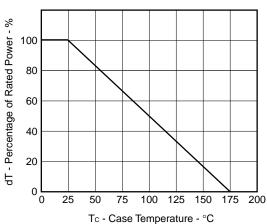


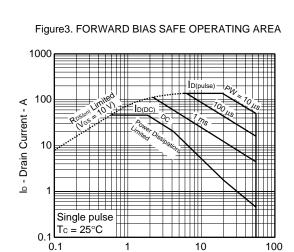
# TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

$$\begin{array}{c|c} D.U.T. \\ \hline \\ IG = 2 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \\ VOD \\ \end{array}$$

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

Figure 1. DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA





VDS - Drain to Source Voltage - V

Figure 2. TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs.

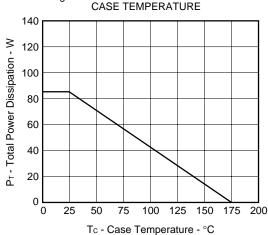


Figure4. SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY DERATING FACTOR

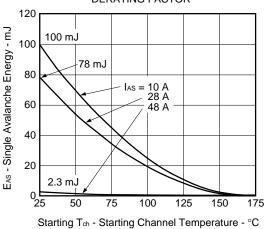


Figure 5. TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH

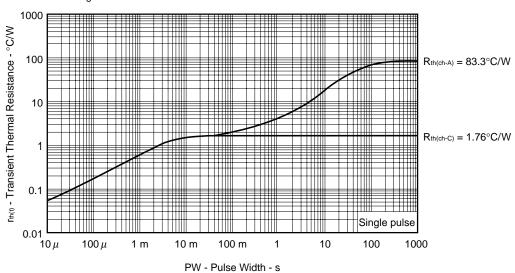


Figure 6. FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

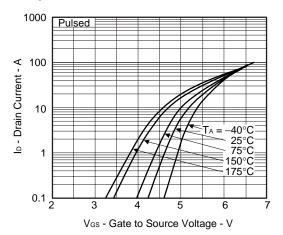


Figure 7. DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE 140 Pulsed 120 lo - Drain Current - A 100 V<sub>G</sub>s = 10 V 80 60 40 20 0 2.0 4.0 0

Figure8. FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

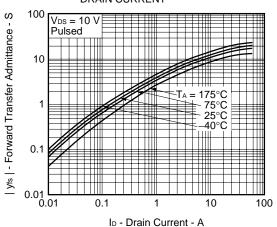


Figure9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

V<sub>DS</sub> - Drain to Source Voltage - V

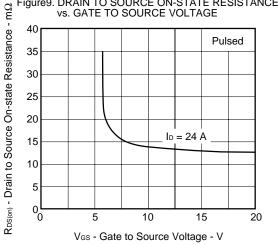


Figure 10. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

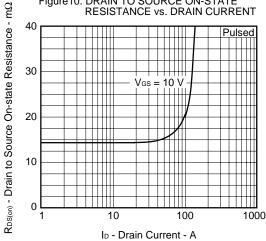
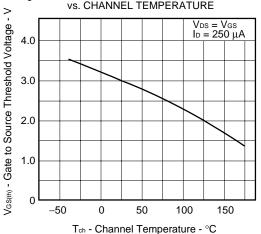


Figure 11. GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



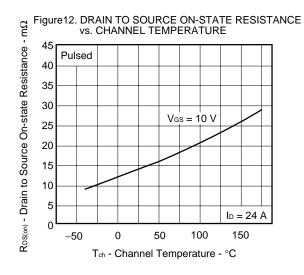
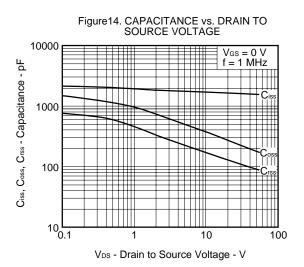


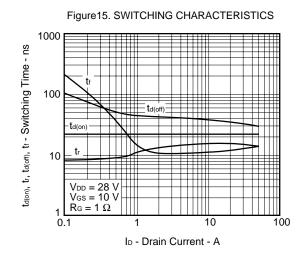
Figure 13. SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

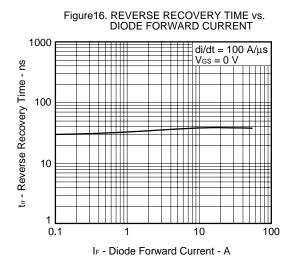
1000
Pulsed
VGS = 10 V

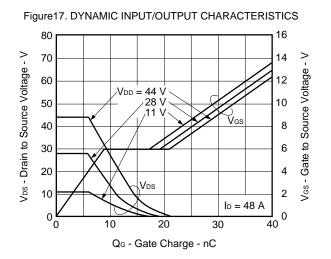
0.1
0.5
1.5

VF(S-D) - Source to Drain Voltage - V

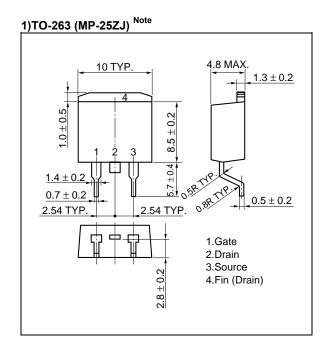


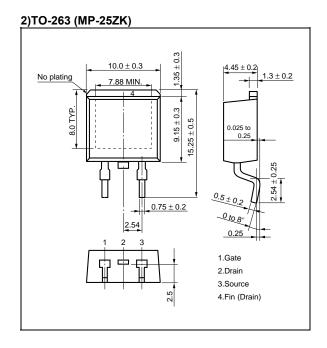


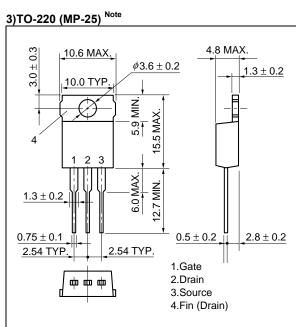


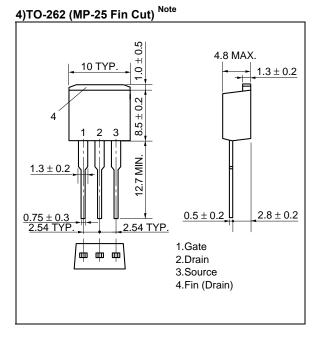


# <R> PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)

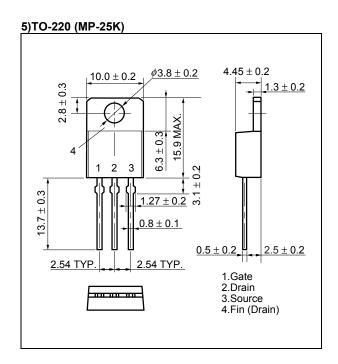


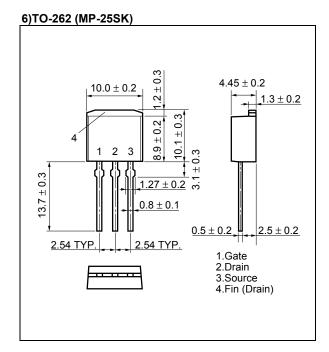




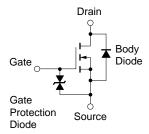


Note Not for new design





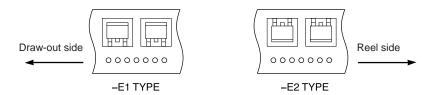
# **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



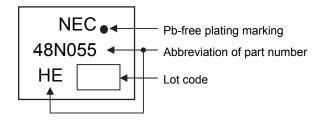
**Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

### <R> TAPE INFORMATION

There are two types (-E1, -E2) of taping depending on the direction of the device.



### <R> MARKING INFORMATION



### <R> RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

These products should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

| Soldering Method        | Soldering Conditions   | Recommended Condition Symbol |  |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| Infrared reflow         | Maximum temperature (Package's surface temperature): 260°C or below    |                              |  |
| MP-25ZJ, MP-25ZK        | Time at maximum temperature: 10 seconds or less                        |                              |  |
|                         | Time of temperature higher than 220°C: 60 seconds or less              | IR60-00-3                    |  |
|                         | Preheating time at 160 to 180°C: 60 to 120 seconds                     |                              |  |
|                         | Maximum number of reflow processes: 3 times                            |                              |  |
|                         | Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (percentage mass): 0.2% or less |                              |  |
| Wave soldering          | Maximum temperature (Solder temperature): 260°C or below               |                              |  |
| MP-25, MP-25K, MP-25SK, | Time: 10 seconds or less   | THDWS                        |  |
| MP-25 Fin Cut           | Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less             |                              |  |
| Partial heating         | Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 350°C or below                  |                              |  |
| MP-25ZJ, MP-25ZK,       | Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less                       | P350                         |  |
| MP-25K, MP-25SK         | Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less             |                              |  |
| Partial heating         | Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 300°C or below                  |                              |  |
| MP-25, MP-25 Fin Cut    | Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less                       | P300                         |  |
|                         | Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less             |                              |  |

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

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